

## **ABSTRACT**

This thesis deals with types of civil procedure and it is divided into six parts. The first part generally focuses on civil procedure, definition of its subject and its relation to substantive law. There is also described its development since era of ancient Rome till present. The second chapter focuses on the most important type of civil procedure, which is civil trial proceedings, that is divided into contentious and non-contentious proceedings. At first there is described contentious procedure aiming on its basic principles, goal, rights and obligations of participants and its procedure. The part devoted to non-contentious procedure contains common and different characteristics with contentious procedure, basic principles, specification of participants, general procedure and description of chosen types of non-contentious procedure.

Based on its continuity the third chapter is dedicated to enforcement procedure. The chapter is subdivided to parts focused on writ of execution, general procedure and possible ways of its end. Next chapter's subjects are conciliation procedure, preliminary injunction and securing of evidence. The fifth chapter is devoted to bankruptcy proceedings, which deals with bankruptcy of debtors in various ways. There are specified its entities, term bankruptcy, its procedure and all ways of dealing with bankruptcy of a debtor. The last described type of civil procedure is arbitration, which is an alternative to judicial proceedings. I focus on requirements of arbitration agreement, definition of arbitrator, participants, its procedure and specification of final decision.

Purpose of the thesis is clarification of civil procedure and its division into all its types, including mentioning of its common and different characteristics. The thesis focuses strictly on chosen aspects of the issue because of its significant extent.